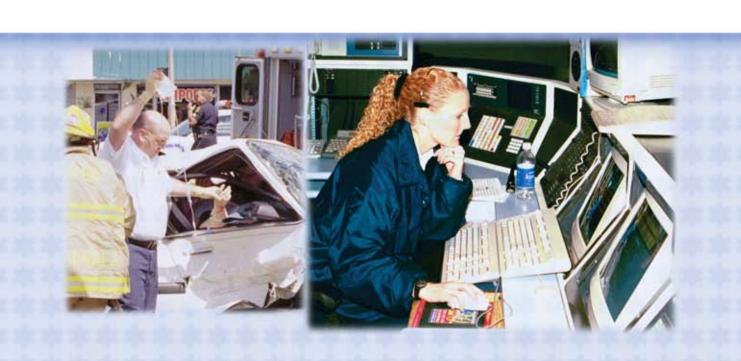


NATIONAL EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES EDUCATION STANDARDS





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Executive Summary

The National EMS Education Standards (the Standards) represent another step toward realizing the vision of the 1996 EMS Agenda for the Future, as articulated in the 2000 EMS Education Agenda for the Future: A Systems Approach.

The *National EMS Education Standards* outline the minimal terminal objectives for entry-level EMS personnel to achieve within the parameters outlined in the *National EMS Scope of Practice Model*. Although educational programs must adhere to the *Standards*, its format will allow diverse implementation methods to meet local needs and evolving educational practices. The less prescriptive format of the *Standards* will also allow for ongoing revision of content consistent with scientific evidence and community standards of care.

In implementing the *Standards*, EMS instructors and educational programs will have the freedom to develop their own curricula or use any of the wide variety of publishers' lesson plans and instructional resources that are available at each licensure level.

Consistent with the EMS Education Agenda, EMS accreditation authorities will use the *Standards* as the framework for evaluation of program curricula.

The *National EMS Education Standards* are not a stand-alone document. EMS education programs will incorporate each element of the education system proposed in the *Education Agenda*. These elements include:

- National EMS Core Content
- National EMS Scope of Practice
- National EMS Education Standards
- National EMS Certification
- National EMS Program Accreditation

This integrated system is essential to achieving the goals of program efficiency, consistency of instructional quality, and student competence as outlined in the *Education Agenda*.

Introduction

As a profession, EMS is still in its early developmental stages. The formal progression of an organized civilian EMS system began in the 1960s and continues to evolve as we further define and enhance our structure, oversight, and organization.

As EMS system operations have developed, so has EMS education. In the early 1970s, registered nurses and physicians taught most EMS programs. Few student and instructor resources related directly to prehospital emergency care. No standards existed to define practice and there was no clear delineation of scopes of practice in EMS.

Historical Development of EMS in the United States

Table 1 outlines key events in the development of EMS in the United States from the 1950s to the present.

Table 1: Historical Development of EMS					
Year	Year Event/Organization Result				
1950s	American College of Surgeons	Developed the first training program for ambulance attendants			
1960	President's Committee for Traffic Safety	Recognized the need to address "Health, Medical Care and Transportation of the Injured" to reduce traffic fatalities			
1966	National Academy of Science published Accidental Death and Disability: The Neglected Disease of Modern Society (The White Paper)	Quantified the scope of traffic-related death in the United States Described the deficiencies in prehospital care in this country, including: Call for ambulance standards State-level policies and regulations Recommendation to adopt methods for providing consistent ambulance services at the local level			
1966	Highway Safety Act of 1966	Required each State to adopt highway safety programs to comply with Federal standards (including "emergency services") Impetus for NHTSA leadership in EMS: Directed writing of National Standard Curricula Provided funding to States to develop State EMS Offices Took leadership role in EMS system development, including developing model EMS State legislation			
1970s	Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and Federal Government	Funded regional EMS systems and demonstration projects			
1970s	Crash Injury Management for the Law Enforcement Officer published by NHTSA	40-hour program that evolved into First Responder: NSC in 1979			
1970	National Registry of EMTs (NREMT)	Held first board meeting, with goal to provide uniform standards for credentialing ambulance attendants.			

	Table 1: Historical Development of EMS			
Year	Event/Organization	Result		
1971	Emergency Care and Transportation of the Sick and Injured published by the American Academy of Orthopedic Surgeons (AAOS)	One of the first EMS textbooks		
1973	Emergency Medical Services Act of 1973 enacted by Congress as Title XII of the Public Health Services Act	Over \$300 million in funding for EMS over 8 years: Allowed for EMS system planning and implementation Required States to focus on EMS personnel and training Resulted in legislation and regulation of EMS personnel levels		
1975	American Medical Association (AMA)	Recognized EMT-Paramedic as an allied health occupation		
1977	National Standard Curriculum for EMT- Paramedic published by NHTSA	15 instructional modules		
1978	The Essentials for Paramedic Program Accreditation developed by AMA	Joint Review Committee on Education Programs for the EMT-Paramedic (JRCEMT-P) adopted <i>The Essentials</i> as the standard for accreditation		
1985	First Responder, EMT- Ambulance, EMT- Intermediate, and EMT- Paramedic: NSC revised by NHTSA	EMT-Paramedic reformatted into six divisions		
1990	NHTSA hosts EMS Training Workshop	This workshop facilitated the development of the 1990s curricula and introduced the assessment based education concept		
1992	EMS Education and Practice Blueprint.	This document served as a template for the revised format of the 1990s NSC revision projects		
1992	Initiated EMS Agenda for the Future	Funded by NHTSA, Maternal and Child Health Bureau (MCHB), and Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA)		

	Table 1: Historical Development of EMS			
Year	Event/Organization	Result		
1994	NREMT Practice Analysis	Conducted practice analysis of EMTs and paramedics: Determined importance of EMS actions based on assessment of frequency and potential for harm Provided foundation for NREMT test blueprint		
1994	EMT-Ambulance revised and renamed EMT-Basic: NSC			
1995	First Responder: NSC is revised			
1996	EMS Agenda for the Future is created by the National Association of EMS Physicians and National Association of State EMS Directors	Vision statement for integration of EMS into the health care system and funded by NHTSA and Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), Maternal and Child Health Bureau (MCHB), EMSC Program		
1998	PEW Health Professions Commission Taskforce on Health Care Workforce Regulation published Strengthening Consumer Protection: Priorities for Health Care Workforce Regulation	Recommended: National Policy Advisory Board to establish standards and model legislative language for uniform scope of practice authority for health professions Emphasis on States' responsibility to enact uniform scope of practice consistent with the recommendations of the National Policy Advisory Board.		
1998	EMT-Paramedic: NSC revised			
1999	EMT-Intermediate: NSC revised			
2000	Education Agenda for the Future: A Systems Approach published by NHTSA	Funded by NHTSA and HRSA. Designed to develop an integrated system of EMS regulation, certification, and licensure		
2004	2004 National EMS Practice Analysis published by NREMT	Updates the 1994 Practice Analysis		
2005	National EMS Core Content published by NHTSA and HRSA	Defines: Domain of knowledge of EMS personnel described within the <i>National EMS Scope of Practice</i> Universal knowledge and skills of EMS personnel		

Table 1: Historical Development of EMS				
Year	Event/Organization	Result		
2005	The State of EMS	Research related to:		
	Education EMS Research	 Identifying characteristics of EMS 		
	Project: Characteristics of	instructors		
	EMS Educators by Ruple	 Describing infrastructure available to 		
	et al. In <i>Prehospital</i>	instructors		
	Emergency Care	Identifying instructor attributes necessary for		
		implementing education standards		
2006	EMS at the Crossroads	Recommendations related to EMS Education		
	Institute of Medicine	Agenda:		
	Report	 State governments should adopt a 		
		common scope of practice for EMS		
		personnel, with State licensing		
		reciprocity		
		States should require national		
		accreditation of paramedic programs		
		States should accept national certification as a		
		prerequisite for State licensure and local		
		credentialing of EMS providers		
2007	National EMS Scope of	National guideline to define levels of EMS		
	Practice published by	licensure:		
	NHTSA	 Guide State legislation 		
		 Promote reciprocity between States 		
		 Clarify EMS roles for the community 		

In August 1996, the *EMS Agenda for the Future* (the *Agenda*) was published. This consensus document was developed with funding from the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration and the Health Resources and Services Administration. The National Association of EMS Physicians and the National Association of State EMS Directors led this process, which involved many stakeholders.

The *Agenda* document was designed to guide government and private organizations in EMS planning, development, and policy-making at the national, State, and local levels. It addressed 14 attributes of EMS, including the EMS education system. The *Agenda* defined a vision for the future of EMS education that "employs sound educational principles," "based on research," and "conducted by qualified instructors." In December of that year, representatives of 30 EMS-related organizations met at an EMS Education Conference sponsored by NHTSA to identify the necessary steps for implementing that vision.

The outcome of the EMS Education Conference was summarized in the EMS Education Agenda for the Future: A Systems Approach. This document included the following recommendations:

• The *National EMS Education and Practice Blueprint* (the *Blueprint*) is a valuable component of the EMS education system. A multidisciplinary panel, led by NHTSA, to more explicitly identify core educational content for each licensure level, should revise it.

- National EMS education standards are necessary, but need not include specific declarative material or lesson plans. NHTSA should support and facilitate the development of national EMS education standards.
- The *Blueprint* and national EMS education standards should be revised periodically, with major revisions occurring every 5 to 7 years, and minor updates made every 2 to 3 years.

In 1998, NHTSA convened a Blueprint Modeling Group to revise the *Blueprint*. That group determined that the *Blueprint* represented only one component of a comprehensive EMS education system, so it redefined its mission, and the group was renamed the EMS Education Task Force. The Task Force produced a document titled the *EMS Education Agenda for the Future: A Systems Approach* (the *Education Agenda*).

The EMS education system envisioned in the *EMS Agenda for the Future* was further defined and articulated into the model shown in Figure 1 in the *Education Agenda*. This document states that, to be most effective, each component in the EMS education system should be structured, coordinated, and interdependent.

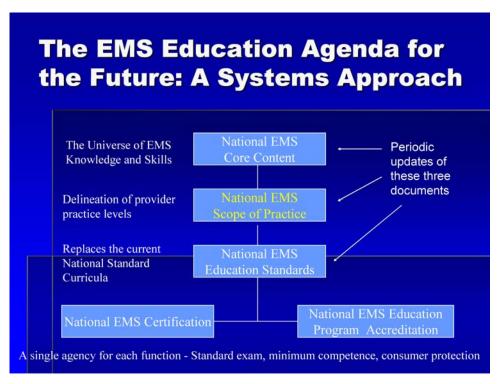


Figure 1: Model EMS System

The *National EMS Core Content* was published in 2005. Core Content defines the entire domain of out-of-hospital practice and identifies the universal body of knowledge and skills for EMS providers who do not function as independent practitioners. Funded by NHTSA and HRSA, this project was led by the National Association of EMS Physicians and the American College of Emergency Physicians.

The *National EMS Scope of Practice Model* (*Scope of Practice*) is a consensus document that was published in 2006. This document defines the levels of EMS personnel and delineates the practices and minimum competencies for each level of EMS personnel. The *Scope of Practice* does not have regulatory authority, but provides guidance to States. Adherence to the *Scope of Practice* would increase uniformity in EMS practice throughout this country and facilitate reciprocity between States. Leadership for this project was delegated to the National Association of State EMS Officials and funded by NHTSA and HRSA.

The *Scope of Practice* describes four levels of EMS personnel licensure: Emergency Medical Responder (EMR), Emergency Medical Technician (EMT), Advanced Emergency Medical Technician (AEMT), and Paramedic. The *Scope of Practice* further defines practice, suggests minimum educational preparation, and designates appropriate psychomotor skills at each level of licensure. Further, the document describes each level of licensure as distinct and distinguished by unique "skills, practice environment, knowledge, qualifications, services provided, risk, level of supervisory responsibility, and amount of autonomy and judgment/critical thinking/decision-making."

The *National EMS Education Standards*, led by the National Association of EMS Educators, replace the NHTSA National Standard Curricula at all licensure levels. The *Standards* define the competencies, clinical behaviors, and judgments that must be met by entry-level EMS personnel to meet practice guidelines defined in the *National EMS Scope of Practice Model*. Content and concepts defined in the *National EMS Core Content* are also integrated within the *Standards*.

National EMS Certification and National EMS Education Program Accreditation are the "bookends" that support the other key elements of the system. The Education Agenda recommends an individual must graduate from a nationally accredited EMS education program to be eligible for National EMS Certification. This recommendation was also supported by the Institute of Medicine report, *The Future of Emergency Care: EMS at the Crossroads*. Essential components of the EMS Agenda include a single National EMS Accreditation Agency and a single National EMS Certification Agency to ensure consistency and quality of EMS personnel.

The National EMS Education Standards

The *National EMS Education Standards* comprise four components (Table 2):

- 1. Competency (designated in yellow) This statement represents the minimum competency required for entry-level personnel at each licensure level.
- 2. Knowledge Required to Achieve Competency (designated in blue) This represents an elaboration of the knowledge within each competency (when appropriate) that entry-level personnel would need to master in order to achieve competency.
- 3. Clinical Behaviors/Judgments (designated in green) This section describes the clinical behaviors and judgments essential for entry-level EMS personnel at each licensure level.
- 4. Educational Infrastructure (designated in white) This section describes the support standards necessary for conducting EMS training programs at each licensure level.

Table 2: Format of National EMS Education Standards				
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Content Area	Competency	Competency	Competency	Competency
Elaboration of Knowledge	Additional knowledge related to the competency	Additional knowledge related to the competency	Additional knowledge related to the competency	Additional knowledge related to the competency
	Clinical behaviors and judgments	Clinical behaviors and judgments	Clinical behaviors and judgments	Clinical behaviors and judgments
	Educational Infrastructure	Educational Infrastructure	Educational Infrastructure	Educational Infrastructure

Each statement in the *Standards* presumes that the expected knowledge and behaviors are within the scope of practice for that EMS licensure level, as defined by the *National EMS Scope of Practice Model*. Each competency applies to patients of all ages, unless a specific age group is identified.

The *Standards* also assume there is a progression in practice from the Emergency Medical Responder level to the Paramedic level. That is, licensed personnel at each level are responsible for all knowledge, judgments, and behaviors at their level and at all levels preceding their level. For example, a Paramedic is responsible for knowing and doing everything identified in that specific area, as well as knowing and doing all tasks in the three preceding levels.

The descriptors used to illustrate the increasing complexity of knowledge and behaviors through the progression of licensure levels originate, in part, from the *National EMS Scope of Practice Model*. These terms reflect the differences in the breadth, depth, and actions required at each licensure level (Figure 2).

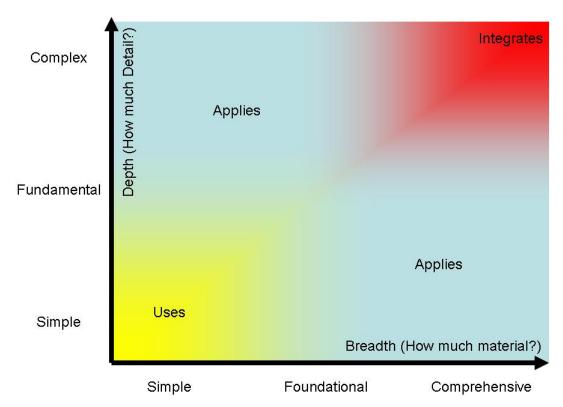


Figure 2: Terminology Graph

The *depth* of knowledge is the amount of detail a student needs to know about a particular topic. The *breadth* of knowledge refers to the number of topics or issues a student needs to learn in a particular competency. For example, the Emergency Medical Responder needs to have a thorough understanding (depth) about how to safely and effectively use the bag valve mask; however, the EMR is taught a limited number of concepts (breadth) surrounding management of a patient's airway.

To describe the intended depth of knowledge of a particular concept within a provider level, the Project Team uses the terms *simple*, *fundamental*, and *complex*. This terminology better illustrates the progression of the depth of knowledge from one particular level to another. For example, the EMR's *depth* of knowledge for bleeding control is simple while the EMT's *depth* of knowledge for bleeding control is fundamental.

To describe the intended breadth of knowledge of a concept within a provider level, the project team uses the terms *simple*, *foundational*, and *comprehensive*. This terminology also better illustrates the progression of the breadth of knowledge from one particular level to another. For example, the EMT's breadth of knowledge for cardiovascular disorders is foundational while the Paramedic's *breadth* of knowledge for cardiovascular disorders is comprehensive.

From the National EMS Scope of Practice Model: EMS Personnel Licensure Levels

Emergency Medical Responder

The primary focus of the Emergency Medical Responder is to initiate immediate lifesaving care to critical patients who access the emergency medical system. This individual possesses the basic knowledge and skills necessary to provide lifesaving interventions while awaiting additional EMS response and to assist higher level personnel at the scene and during transport. Emergency Medical Responders function as part of a comprehensive EMS response, under medical oversight. Emergency Medical Responders perform basic interventions with minimal equipment.

Emergency Medical Technician

The primary focus of the Emergency Medical Technician is to provide basic emergency medical care and transportation for critical and emergent patients who access the emergency medical system. This individual possesses the basic knowledge and skills necessary to provide patient care and transportation. Emergency Medical Technicians function as part of a comprehensive EMS response, under medical oversight. Emergency Medical Technicians perform interventions with the basic equipment typically found on an ambulance. The Emergency Medical Technician is a link from the scene to the emergency health care system.

Advanced Emergency Medical Technician

The primary focus of the Advanced Emergency Medical Technician is to provide basic and limited advanced emergency medical care and transportation for critical and emergent patients who access the emergency medical system. This individual possesses the basic knowledge and skills necessary to provide patient care and transportation. Advanced Emergency Medical Technicians function as part of a comprehensive EMS response, under medical oversight. Advanced Emergency Medical Technicians perform interventions with the basic and advanced equipment typically found on an ambulance. The Advanced Emergency Medical Technician is a link from the scene to the emergency health care system.

Paramedic

The Paramedic is an allied health professional whose primary focus is to provide advanced emergency medical care for critical and emergent patients who access the emergency medical system. This individual possesses the complex knowledge and skills necessary to provide patient care and transportation. Paramedics function as part of a comprehensive EMS response, under medical oversight. Paramedics perform interventions with the basic and advanced equipment typically found on an ambulance. The Paramedic is a link from the scene into the health care system.

Each educational level assumes mastery of previously stated competencies. Each individual must demonstrate each competency within his or her scope of practice and for patients of all ages.

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Preparatory	Uses simple knowledge of the EMS system, safety/well-being of the EMR, medical/legal issues at the scene of an emergency while awaiting a higher level of care.	Applies fundamental knowledge of the EMS system, safety/well-being of the EMT, medical/legal and ethical issues to the provision of emergency care.	Applies fundamental knowledge of the EMS system, safety/well-being of the AEMT, medical/legal and ethical issues to the provision of emergency care.	Integrates comprehensive knowledge of EMS systems, the safety/well-being of the paramedic, and medical/legal and ethical issues which is intended to improve the health of EMS personnel, patients, and the community.
	Simple depth, simple breadth	EMR Material PLUS:	EMT Material PLUS:	AEMT Material PLUS:
	EMS systemsRoles/ responsibilities/	Simple depth, foundational breadth	Fundamental depth, foundational breadth	Fundamental depth, foundational breadth
	professionalism of EMS	EMS systems	Quality improvement	History of EMS
	personnel	History of EMS	Patient safety	
EMS Systems	Quality improvement	Roles/ responsibilities/ professionalism of EMS		Complex depth, comprehensive breadth
		personnel		• EMS systems
		 Quality improvement Patient safety		Roles/ responsibilities/ professionalism of EMS personnel
				Quality improvement
				Patient safety
	Simple depth, simple breadth	EMR Material PLUS:	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material PLUS:
	Impact of research on EMR care	Simple depth, simple breadth • Evidence-based decision		Fundamental depth, foundational breadth
Research	Data collection	making		Research principles to interpret literature and advocate evidence-based practice

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Workforce Safety and Wellness	Simple depth, simple breadth Standard safety precautions Personal protective equipment Stress management Dealing with death and dying Prevention of responserelated injuries Lifting and moving patients	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Standard safety precautions Personal protective equipment Stress management Dealing with death and dying Prevention of work related injuries Lifting and moving patients Disease transmission Wellness principles	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Provider safety and wellbeing Standard safety precautions Personal protective equipment Stress management Dealing with death and dying Prevention of work related injuries Lifting and moving patients Disease transmission Wellness principles
Documentation	Simple depth, simple breadth • Recording patient findings	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • Principles of medical documentation and report writing	EMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, foundational breadth • Principles of medical documentation and report writing	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • Principles of medical documentation and report writing
EMS System Communication	Simple depth, simple breadth Communication needed to Call for Resources Transfer care of the patient Interact within the team structure	 EMR Material PLUS: Simple depth, simple breadth EMS communication system Communication with other health care professionals Team communication and dynamics 	 EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth EMS communication system Communication with other health care professionals Team communication and dynamics 	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth EMS communication system Communication with other health care professionals Team communication and dynamics

	EMR	ЕМТ	AEMT	Paramedic
Therapeutic Communication	Simple depth, simple breadth Principles of communicating with patients in a manner that achieves a positive relationship • Interviewing techniques	EMR Material PLUS: Simple depth, simple breadth Principles of communicating with patients in a manner that achieves a positive relationship • Adjusting communication strategies for age, stage of development, patients with special needs, and differing cultures Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • Interviewing techniques • Verbal defusing strategies • Family presence issues	EMT Material PLUS: Simple depth, simple breadth Principles of communicating with patients in a manner that achieves a positive relationship • Dealing with difficult patients	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Principles of communicating with patients in a manner that achieves a positive relationship • Factors that affect communication • Interviewing techniques • Dealing with difficult patients • Adjusting communication strategies for age, stage of development, patients with special needs, and differing cultures
Medical/Legal and Ethics	Simple depth, simple breadth Consent/refusal of care Confidentiality Advanced directives Tort and criminal actions Evidence preservation Statutory responsibilities Mandatory reporting Ethical principles/moral obligations End-of-life issues	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Consent/refusal of care Confidentiality Advanced directives Tort and criminal actions Evidence preservation Statutory responsibilities Mandatory reporting Ethical principles/moral obligations	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Consent/refusal of care Confidentiality Advanced directives Tort and criminal actions Statutory responsibilities Mandatory reporting Health care regulation Patient rights/advocacy End-of-life Issues Ethical principles/moral obligations Ethical tests and decision making

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Anatomy a Physiolog		Applies fundamental knowledge of the anatomy and function of all human systems to the practice of EMS.	Integrates complex knowledge of the anatomy and physiology of the airway, respiratory and circulatory systems to the practice of EMS.	Integrates a complex depth and comprehensive breadth of knowledge of the anatomy and physiology of all human systems

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Medical Terminology	Uses simple medical and anatomical terms.	Uses foundational anatomical and medical terms and abbreviations in written and oral communication with colleagues and other health care professionals.	Same as Previous Level	Integrates comprehensive anatomical and medical terminology and abbreviations into the written and oral communication with colleagues and other health care professionals.

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Pathophysiology	Uses simple knowledge of shock and respiratory compromise to respond to life threats.	Applies fundamental knowledge of the pathophysiology of respiration and perfusion to patient assessment and management.	Applies comprehensive knowledge of the pathophysiology of respiration and perfusion to patient assessment and management.	Integrates comprehensive knowledge of pathophysiology of major human systems.

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Life Span Development	Uses simple knowledge of agerelated differences to assess and care for patients.	Applies fundamental knowledge of life span development to patient assessment and management.	Same as Previous Level	Integrates comprehensive knowledge of life span development.

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Public Health	Have an awareness of local public health resources and the role EMS personnel play in public health emergencies.	Uses simple knowledge of the principles of illness and injury prevention in emergency care.	Uses simple knowledge of the principles of the role of EMS during public health emergencies.	Applies fundamental knowledge of principles of public health and epidemiology including public health emergencies, health promotion, and illness and injury prevention.
	EMR	ЕМТ	АЕМТ	Paramedic
Pharmacology	Uses simple knowledge of the medications that the EMR may self-administer or administer to a peer in an emergency.	Applies fundamental knowledge of the medications that the EMT may assist/administer to a patient during an emergency.	Applies to patient assessment and management fundamental knowledge of the medications carried by AEMTs that may be administered to a patient during an emergency.	Integrates comprehensive knowledge of pharmacology to formulate a treatment plan intended to mitigate emergencies and improve the overall health of the patient.
Principles of Pharmacology	No knowledge related to this competency is applicable at this level.	 Simple depth, simple breadth Medication safety Kinds of medications used during an emergency 	EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundation breadth • Medication safety • Medication legislation • Naming • Classifications • Storage and security • Autonomic pharmacology • Metabolism and excretion • Mechanism of action • Medication response relationships • Medication interactions • Toxicity	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth) • Medication safety • Medication legislation • Naming • Classifications • Schedules • Pharmacokinetics • Storage and security • Autonomic pharmacology • Metabolism and excretion • Mechanism of action • Phases of medication activity • Medication response relationships • Medication interactions

• Toxicity

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Medication Administration	Simple depth, simple breadth Within the scope of practice of the EMR, how to Self-administer medication Peer-administer medication	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Within the scope of practice of the EMT how to • Assist/administer medications to a patient	EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Routes of administration Within the scope of practice of the AEMT, administer medications to a patient	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Routes of administration Within the scope of practice of the paramedic, administer medications to a patient
Emergency Medications	Simple depth, simple breadth Within the scope of practice of the EMR Names Effects Indications Routes of administration Dosages for the medications administered	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, simple breadth Within the scope of practice of the EMT Names Actions Indications Contraindications Complications Routes of administration Side effects Interactions Dosages for the medications administered	EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Within the scope of practice of the AEMT Names Actions Indications Contraindications Complications Routes of administration Side effects Interactions Dosages for the medications administered	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Within the scope of practice of the paramedic Names Actions Indications Contraindications Complications Routes of administration Side effects Interactions Dosages for the medications administered

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Airway Management, Respiration and Artificial Ventilation	Applies knowledge (fundamental depth, foundational breadth) of general anatomy and physiology to assure a patent airway, adequate mechanical ventilation, and respiration while awaiting additional EMS response for patients of all ages.	Applies knowledge (fundamental depth, foundational breadth) of general anatomy and physiology to patient assessment and management in order to assure a patent airway, adequate mechanical ventilation, and respiration for patients of all ages.	Applies knowledge (fundamental depth, foundational breadth) of additional upper airway anatomy and physiology to patient assessment and management in order to assure a patent airway, adequate mechanical ventilation, and respiration for patients of all ages.	Integrates complex knowledge of anatomy, physiology, and pathophysiology into the assessment to develop and implement a treatment plan with the goal of assuring a patent airway, adequate mechanical ventilation, and respiration for patients of all ages.
Airway Management	Fundamental depth, simple breadth Within the scope of practice of the EMR Airway anatomy Airway assessment Techniques of assuring a patent airway	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Within the scope of practice of the EMT • Airway anatomy • Airway assessment • Techniques of assuring a patent airway	EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Within the scope of practice of the AEMT • Airway anatomy • Airway assessment • Techniques of assuring a patent airway	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Within the scope of practice of the paramedic Airway anatomy Airway assessment Techniques of assuring a patent airway

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Respiration	Fundamental depth, simple breadth Anatomy of the respiratory system Physiology and pathophysiology of respiration Pulmonary ventilation Oxygenation External Internal Cellular Assessment and management of adequate and inadequate respiration Supplemental oxygen therapy	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Anatomy of the respiratory system Physiology and pathophysiology of respiration Pulmonary ventilation Oxygenation Respiration External Internal Cellular Assessment and management of adequate and inadequate respiration Supplemental oxygen therapy	EMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, foundational breadth Anatomy of the respiratory system Fundamental depth, comprehensive breadth Physiology and pathophysiology of respiration Pulmonary ventilation Oxygenation Respiration External Internal Cellular Assessment and management of adequate and inadequate respiration Supplemental oxygen therapy	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Anatomy of the respiratory system Physiology, and pathophysiology of respiration Pulmonary ventilation Oxygenation Respiration External Internal Cellular Assessment and management of adequate and inadequate respiration Supplemental oxygen therapy
Artificial Ventilation	Fundamental depth, simple breadth Assessment and management of adequate and inadequate ventilation • Artificial ventilation • Minute ventilation • Alveolar ventilation • Effect of artificial ventilation on cardiac output	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Assessment and management of adequate and inadequate ventilation Artificial ventilation Minute ventilation Effect of artificial ventilation on cardiac output	EMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, foundational breadth Assessment and management of adequate and inadequate ventilation Artificial ventilation Minute ventilation Effect of artificial ventilation on cardiac output	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Assessment and management of adequate and inadequate ventilation Artificial ventilation Minute ventilation Alveolar ventilation Effect of artificial ventilation on cardiac output

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Assessment	Use scene information and simple patient assessment findings to identify and manage immediate life threats and injuries within the scope of practice of the EMR.	Applies scene information and patient assessment findings (scene size up, primary and secondary assessment, patient history, and reassessment) to guide emergency management.	Same as Previous Level	Integrate scene and patient assessment findings with knowledge of epidemiology and pathophysiology to form a field impression. This includes developing a list of differential diagnoses through clinical reasoning to modify the assessment and formulate a treatment plan.
Scene Size-Up	Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • Scene safety Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • Scene management ○ Impact of the environment on patient care ○ Addressing hazards ○ Violence ○ Need for additional or specialized resources ○ Standard precautions	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Scene management Multiple patient situations	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • Scene management • Impact of the environment on patient care • Addressing hazards • Violence • Multiple patient situations

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Primary Assessment	Simple depth, simple breadth Primary assessment for all patient situations Level of consciousness ABCs Identifying life threats Assessment of vital functions Begin interventions needed to preserve life	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, simple breadth Primary assessment for all patient situations Initial general impression Level of consciousness ABCs Identifying life threats Assessment of vital functions Integration of treatment/procedures needed to preserve life	EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Primary assessment for all patient situations Initial general impression Level of consciousness ABCs Identifying life threats Assessment of vital functions Integration of treatment/ procedures needed to preserve life	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Primary assessment for all patient situations Initial general impression Level of consciousness ABCs Identifying life threats Assessment of vital functions Integration of treatment/procedures needed to preserve life
History Taking	Simple depth, simple breadth Determining the chief complaint Mechanism of injury/nature of illness Associated signs and symptoms	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Investigation of the chief complaint Mechanism of injury/nature of illness Past medical history Associated signs and symptoms Pertinent negatives	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Components of the patient history Interviewing techniques How to integrate therapeutic communication techniques and adapt the line of inquiry based on findings and presentation
Secondary Assessment	Simple depth, simple breadth • Performing a rapid full body scan • Focused assessment of pain • Assessment of vital signs	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Techniques of physical examination Respiratory system OPresence of breath sounds Cardiovascular system Neurological system Musculoskeletal system All anatomical regions	EMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, foundational breadth Assessment of Lung sounds	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Techniques of physical examination for all major • Body systems • Anatomical regions

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Monitoring Devices	No knowledge related to this competency is applicable at this level.	Simple depth, simple breadth Within the scope of practice of the EMT Obtaining and using information from patient monitoring devices including (but not limited to) Pulse oximetry Non-invasive blood pressure	EMT Material PLUS: Within the scope of practice of the AEMT Simple depth, simple breadth Obtaining and using information from patient monitoring devices including (but not limited to) Blood glucose determination	AEMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Within the scope of practice of the paramedic Obtaining and using information from patient monitoring devices including (but not limited to): Continuous ECG monitoring 12 lead ECG interpretation Carbon dioxide monitoring Basic blood chemistry
Reassessment	Simple depth, simple breadthHow and when to reassess patients	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • how and when to perform a reassessment for all patient situations	Same as Previous Levels	 AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth How and when to perform a reassessment for all patient situations

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Medicine	Recognizes and manages life threats based on assessment findings of a patient with a medical emergency while awaiting additional emergency response.	Applies fundamental knowledge to provide basic emergency care and transportation based on assessment findings for an acutely ill patient.	Applies fundamental knowledge to provide basic and selected advanced emergency care and transportation based on assessment findings for an acutely ill patient.	Integrates assessment findings with principles of epidemiology and pathophysiology to formulate a field impression and implement a comprehensive treatment/disposition plan for a patient with a medical complaint.
	Simple depth, simple breadth	EMR Material PLUS:	EMT Material PLUS:	AEMT Material PLUS:
	Assessment and management of a	Simple depth, foundational breadth	Fundamental depth, foundational breadth	Complex depth, comprehensive breadth
Medical Overview	Medical complaint	Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of a medical complaints to include	Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of a medical complaints to include	Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of medical complaints to include
		Transport mode	Transport mode	Transport mode
		Destination decisions	Destination decisions	Destination decisions

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
	Simple depth, simple breadth	EMR Material PLUS:	EMT Material PLUS:	AEMT Material PLUS:
	Anatomy, presentations, and management of Decreased level of responsiveness Seizure Stroke	Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment and management of • Stroke/ transient ischemic attack • Seizure • Status epilepticus	Complex depth, foundational breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment and management of • Seizure	Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • Stroke/intracranial hemorrhage/transient ischemic attack
		Headache		Seizure
				• Status epilepticus
Neurology				Headache
				Fundamental depth, foundational breadth
				• Dementia
				• Neoplasms
				Demyelinating disorders
				Parkinson's disease
				Cranial nerve disorders
				Movement disorders
				Neurologic inflammation/ infection
				Spinal cord compression
				Hydrocephalus
				Wernicke's encephalopathy

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
	EMR Simple depth, simple breadth Anatomy, presentations and management of shock associated with abdominal emergencies • Gastrointestinal bleeding	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of • Acute and chronic gastrointestinal hemorrhage Simple depth, simple breadth • Peritonitis • Ulcerative diseases	AEMT Same as Previous Level	Paramedic AEMT Material PLUS: Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • Acute and chronic gastrointestinal hemorrhage • Liver disorders • Peritonitis • Ulcerative diseases
Abdominal and Gastrointestinal Disorders				 Liver disorders Peritonitis Ulcerative diseases Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Irritable bowel syndrome Inflammatory disorders Pancreatitis Bowel obstruction Hernias Infectious disorders
				 Gall bladder and biliary tract disorders Simple depth, simple breadth Rectal abscess Rectal foreign body obstruction Mesenteric ischemia

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Immunology	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of shock and difficulty breathing related to • Anaphylactic reactions	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of hypersensitivity disorders and/or emergencies • Anaphylactic reactions	EMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of hypersensitivity disorders and/or emergencies • Allergic and anaphylactic reactions	AEMT Material PLUS: Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of common or major immune system disorders and/or emergencies Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Hypersensitivity Allergic and anaphylactic reactions Anaphylactoid reactions Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Collagen vascular disease

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Infectious Diseases	Simple depth, simple breadth Awareness of • A patient who may have an infectious disease • How to decontaminate equipment after treating a patient	EMR Material PLUS: Simple depth, simple breadth Assessment and management of • A patient who may have an infectious disease • How to decontaminate the ambulance and equipment after treating a patient	AEMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Assessment and management of • A patient who may be infected with a bloodborne pathogen • HIV • Hepatitis B • Antibiotic resistant infections • Current infectious diseases prevalent in the community	AEMT Material PLUS: Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, reporting requirements, prognosis, and management of Complex depth, comprehensive breadth HIV-related disease Hepatitis Pneumonia Meningococcal meningitis Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Tuberculosis Tetanus Viral diseases Sexually transmitted disease Gastroenteritis Fungal infections Rabies Scabies and lice Lyme disease Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever Antibiotic resistant infections

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Endocrine Disorders	EMR Simple depth, simple breadth Awareness that • Diabetic emergencies cause altered mental status	EMT EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment and management of • Acute diabetic emergencies	AEMT EMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, foundational breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment and management of • Acute diabetic emergencies	AEMT Material PLUS: Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • Acute diabetic emergencies • Diabetes Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • Adrenal disease
				Pituitary and thyroid disorders

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
	Simple depth, simple breadth	EMR Material PLUS:	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material PLUS:
	Recognition of Behaviors that pose a risk to the EMR, patient or others	Simple depth, simple breadth Basic principles of the mental health system		Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of
		Fundamental depth, foundational breadth		Complex depth, comprehensive breadth
		Assessment and management of		Acute psychosis
		Acute psychosis		Agitated delirium
		Suicidal/risk Agitated delirium		Fundamental depth, foundational breadth
Psychiatric				Cognitive disorders
				Thought disorders
				Mood disorders
				Neurotic disorders
				Substance-related disorders / addictive behavior
				Somatoform disorders
				Factitious disorders
				Personality disorders
				Patterns of violence/ abuse/neglect
				Organic psychoses

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
	Simple depth, simple breadth	EMR Material PLUS:	EMT Material PLUS:	AEMT Material PLUS:
Cardiovascular	Anatomy, signs, symptoms and management Chest pain Cardiac arrest	Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • Acute coronary syndrome • Angina pectoris • Myocardial infarction • Aortic aneurysm/dissection • Thromboembolism Simple depth, simple breadth • Heart failure • Hypertensive emergencies	Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Complex depth, foundational breadth Acute coronary syndrome Angina pectoris Myocardial infarction Fundamental depth, simple breadth Heart failure Hypertensive emergencies	Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Acute coronary syndrome Angina pectoris Myocardial infarction Heart failure Non-traumatic cardiac tamponade Hypertensive emergencies Cardiogenic shock Vascular disorders Abdominal aortic aneurysm Arterial occlusion Venous thrombosis Aortic aneurysm/dissection, Thromboembolism Cardiac rhythm disturbances Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Infectious diseases of the heart Endocarditis Pericarditis Congenital abnormalities

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Toxicology	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of Carbon monoxide poisoning Nerve agent poisoning How and when to contact a poison control center	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Inhaled poisons Ingested poisons Absorbed poisons Alcohol intoxication and withdrawal	EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • Opiate toxidrome	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of the following toxidromes and poisonings: Cholinergics Anticholinergics Sympathomimetics Sedative/hypnotics Opiates Alcohol intoxication and withdrawal Over-the-counter and prescription medications Carbon monoxide Illegal drugs Herbal preparations

EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Simple depth, simple breadth Anatomy, signs, symptoms ar management of respiratory emergencies including those t affect the • Upper airway • Lower airway Respiratory	pathophysiology, assessment,	EMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, foundational breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of • Asthma • Obstructive/restrictive disease • Pneumonia	AEMT Material PLUS: Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, management of Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • Acute upper airway infections • Spontaneous pneumothorax • Obstructive/restrictive lung diseases • Pulmonary infections Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • Neoplasm • Pertussis • Cystic fibrosis

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
c	No knowledge related to this competency is applicable at this level.	Simple depth, simple breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of • Sickle cell crisis • Clotting disorders	EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment and management of • Sickle cell crisis	AEMT Material PLUS: Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of common or major hematological diseases and/or emergencies Complex depth, foundational breadth Sickle cell disease Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Blood transfusion complications Hemostatic disorders Lymphomas Red blood cell disorders White blood cell disorders Coagulopathies

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Genitourinary/Renal	Simple depth, simple breadth Blood pressure assessment in hemodialysis patients	EMR Material PLUS: Simple depth, simple breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Complications related to Renal dialysis Urinary catheter management (not insertion) Kidney stones	EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, simple breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of • Complications related to renal dialysis • Kidney stones	AEMT Material Plus: Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Complications of Acute renal failure Chronic renal failure Dialysis Renal calculi Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Acid base disturbances Fluid and electrolyte Infection Male genital tract conditions

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Gynecology	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of shock associated with Vaginal bleeding	EMR Material Plus: Anatomy, physiology, assessment findings, and management of Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • Vaginal bleeding • Sexual assault (to include appropriate emotional support) Simple depth, simple breadth • Infections	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus: Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of common or major gynecological diseases and/or emergencies Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • Vaginal bleeding • Sexual assault Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • Infections • Pelvic Inflammatory Disease • Ovarian cysts • Dysfunctional uterine bleeding • Vaginal foreign body
Non-Traumatic Musculoskeletal Disorders	No knowledge related to this competency is applicable at this level.	Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment and management of Non-traumatic fractures	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundation breadth Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of common or major non-traumatic musculoskeletal disorders • Disorders of the spine • Joint abnormalities • Muscle abnormalities • Overuse syndromes

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Diseases of the Eyes, Ears, Nose, and Throat	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of Nose bleed	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Knowledge of anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, management of Common or major diseases of the eyes, ears, nose, and throat, including nose bleed

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Shock and Resuscitation	Uses assessment information to recognize shock, respiratory failure or arrest, and cardiac arrest based on assessment findings and manages the emergency while awaiting additional emergency response.	Applies fundamental knowledge of the causes, pathophysiology, and management of shock, respiratory failure or arrest, cardiac failure or arrest, and post resuscitation management.	Applies fundamental knowledge to provide basic and selected advanced emergency care and transportation based on assessment findings for a patient in shock, respiratory failure or arrest, cardiac failure or arrest, and post resuscitation management.	Integrates comprehensive knowledge of causes and pathophysiology into the management of cardiac arrest and peri-arrest states. Integrates a comprehensive knowledge of the causes and pathophysiology into the management of shock, respiratory failure or arrest with an emphasis on early intervention to prevent arrest.

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Trauma	Uses simple knowledge to recognize and manage life threats based on assessment findings for an acutely injured patient while awaiting additional emergency medical response.	Applies fundamental knowledge to provide basic emergency care and transportation based on assessment findings for an acutely injured patient.	Applies fundamental knowledge to provide basic and selected advanced emergency care and transportation based on assessment findings for an acutely injured patient.	Integrates assessment findings with principles of epidemiology and pathophysiology to formulate a field impression to implement a comprehensive treatment/disposition plan for an acutely injured patient.
Trauma Overview	No knowledge related to this competency is applicable at this level.	Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of the trauma patient Trauma scoring Rapid transport and destination issues Transport mode	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Pathophysiology, assessment and management of the trauma patient Trauma scoring Transport and destination issues
Bleeding	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of • Bleeding	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of • Bleeding	EMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • Fluid resuscitation	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of • Bleeding

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Chest Trauma	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of Blunt versus penetrating mechanisms Open chest wound Impaled object	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, simple breadth Pathophysiology, assessment and management Blunt versus penetrating mechanisms Hemothorax Pneumothorax Open Simple Tension Cardiac tamponade Rib fractures Flail chest Commotio cordis	EMT Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment and management of Traumatic aortic disruption Pulmonary contusion Blunt cardiac injury Hemothorax Pneumothorax Open Simple Tension Cardiac tamponade Rib fractures Flail chest Commotio cordis Traumatic asphyxia	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Traumatic aortic disruption Pulmonary contusion Blunt cardiac injury Hemothorax Pneumothorax Open Simple Tension Cardiac tamponade Rib fractures Flail chest Commotio cordis Tracheobronchial disruption Diaphragmatic rupture Traumatic asphyxia

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Abdominal and Genitourinary Trauma	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of Blunt versus penetrating mechanisms Evisceration Impaled object	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, simple breadth Pathophysiology, assessment and management of Solid and hollow organ injuries Blunt versus penetrating mechanisms Evisceration Injuries to the external genitalia Vaginal bleeding due to trauma Sexual assault	EMT Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Vascular injury Solid and hollow organs injuries Blunt versus penetrating mechanisms Evisceration Retroperitoneal injuries Injuries to the external genitalia Vaginal bleeding due to trauma Sexual assault	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Vascular injury Solid and hollow organ injuries Blunt versus penetrating mechanisms Evisceration Retroperitoneal injuries Injuries to the external genitalia

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Orthopedic Trauma	EMR Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of Open fractures Closed fractures Dislocations Amputations	EMR Material Plus: Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Upper and lower extremity orthopedic trauma Open fractures Closed fractures Dislocations Sprains/strains Pelvic fractures Amputations/replantation	AEMT EMT Material Plus: Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Simple depth, simple breadth Compartment syndrome Complex depth, foundational breadth Pelvic fractures Amputations/replantation	Paramedic AEMT Material Plus: Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • Pediatric fractures • Tendon laceration/ transection/ rupture (Achilles and patellar) • Compartment syndrome Complex depth, foundational breadth • Upper and lower extremity orthopedic trauma • Open fractures
				 Closed fractures Dislocations

	EMR	ЕМТ	AEMT	Paramedic
Soft Tissue Trauma	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of Wounds Burns Electrical Chemical Thermal Chemicals in the eye and on the skin	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management • Wounds • Avulsions • Bite wounds • Lacerations • Puncture wounds • Incisions • Burns • Electrical • Chemical • Thermal • Radiation Simple depth, simple breadth • Crush syndrome	EMT Material Plus: Fundamental depth, simple breadth Crush syndrome	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of • Wounds • Avulsions • Bite wounds • Lacerations • Puncture wounds • Burns • Electrical • Chemical • Thermal • High-pressure injection • Crush syndrome

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Head, Facial, Neck, and Spine trauma	EMR Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of Life threats Spine trauma	EMT EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Penetrating neck trauma Laryngeotracheal injuries Spine trauma Simple depth, simple breadth Facial fractures Skull fractures Foreign bodies in the eyes Dental trauma	AEMT EMT Material Plus: Complex depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of • Facial fractures • Laryngeotracheal injuries	AEMT Material Plus: Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Unstable facial fractures Orbital fractures Perforated tympanic membrane Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Skull fractures Penetrating neck trauma Laryngeotracheal injuries Spine trauma Dislocations/subluxations
			FracturesSprains/strainsMandibular fractures	

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Nervous System Trauma	No knowledge related to this competency is applicable at this level.	Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Traumatic brain injury Spinal cord injury	EMT Material Plus: Complex depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of • Traumatic brain injury	AEMT Material Plus: Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • Cauda equina syndrome • Nerve root injury • Peripheral nerve injury Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • Traumatic brain injury • Spinal cord injury • Spinal shock
Special Considerations in Trauma	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of trauma in Pregnant patient Pediatric patient Geriatric patient	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of trauma in the Pregnant patient Pediatric patient Geriatric patient Cognitively impaired patient	EMT Material Plus: Complex depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of trauma in the Pregnant patient Pediatric patient Geriatric patient Cognitively impaired patient	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of trauma in the Pregnant patient Pediatric patient Geriatric patient Cognitively impaired patient

	EMR	ЕМТ	AEMT	Paramedic
Environmental Emergencies	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of • Submersion incidents • Temperature-related illness	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Near drowning Temperature-related illness Bites and envenomations Dysbarism High-altitude Diving injuries Electrical injury Radiation exposure	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of • Near-drowning • Temperature-related illness • Bites and envenomations • Dysbarism • High-altitude • Diving injuries • Electrical injury • High altitude illness
Multi-System Trauma	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of • Multi-system trauma	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Multi-system trauma Blast injuries	EMT Material Plus: Complex depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment and management of • Multi-system trauma	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of • Multi-system trauma • Blast injuries

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Special Patient Populations	Recognizes and manages life threats based on simple assessment findings for a patient with special needs while awaiting additional emergency response.	Applies a fundamental knowledge of growth, development, and aging and assessment findings to provide basic emergency care and transportation for a patient with special needs.	Applies a fundamental knowledge of growth, development, and aging and assessment findings to provide basic and selected advanced emergency care and transportation for a patient with special needs.	Integrates assessment findings with principles of pathophysiology and knowledge of psychosocial needs to formulate a field impression and implement a comprehensive treatment/disposition plan for patients with special needs.
	Simple depth, simple breadth	EMR Material Plus:	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus:
	Recognition and management of Normal delivery	Fundamental depth, foundational breadth		Complex depth, comprehensive breadth
	Vaginal bleeding in the pregnant patient	Anatomy and physiology of normal pregnancy		Anatomy and physiology of pregnancy
	pregnant patient	Pathophysiology of complications of pregnancy		Pathophysiology of complications of pregnancy
		Assessment of the pregnant patient		Assessment of the pregnant patient
		Management of Normal delivery		Psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of
Obstetrics		o Abnormal delivery		Normal delivery
		Nuchal cordProlapsed cord		Abnormal delivery
		Breech delivery		o Nuchal cord
		Third trimester bleeding		 Prolapsed cord
		Placenta previa		o Breech
		 Abruptio placenta 		• Spontaneous abortion/miscarriage
		 Spontaneous abortion/miscarriage 		Ectopic pregnancy
		Ectopic pregnancy		Eclampsia
		Preeclampsia/Eclampsia		Antepartum hemorrhage
		1		Pregnancy induced hypertension

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
				 Third trimester bleeding Placenta previa Abruptio placenta High risk pregnancy Complications of labor Fetal distress Pre-term Premature rupture of membranes Rupture of uterus Complication of delivery Post partum complications Foundational depth, foundational breadth Hyperemesis gravidarum Post partum depression
	Simple depth, simple breadth • Newborn care	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth
Neonatal care	Neonatal resuscitation	Assessment and management Newborn		Anatomy and physiology of neonatal circulation
		Neonatal resuscitation		Assessment of the newborn Presentation and management Newborn
				NewbornNeonatal resuscitation

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Pediatrics	Simple depth, simple breadth Age-related assessment findings, and age-related assessment and treatment modifications-for pediatric- specific major diseases and/or emergencies Upper airway obstruction Lower airway reactive disease Respiratory distress/failure/arrest Shock Seizures Sudden Infant Death Syndrome	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Age-related assessment findings, age-related, and developmental stage related assessment and treatment modifications for pediatric specific major diseases and/or emergencies Upper airway obstruction Lower airway reactive disease Respiratory distress/failure/arrest Shock Seizures Sudden Infant Death Syndrome Gastrointestinal disease	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus: Age-related assessment findings, age-related anatomic and physiologic variations, age- related and developmental stage related assessment and treatment modifications of the pediatric- specific major or common diseases and/or emergencies: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • Foreign body (upper and lower) airway obstruction • Bacterial tracheitis • Asthma • Bronchiolitis • Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) • Pneumonia • Croup • Epiglottitis • Respiratory distress/failure/arrest • Shock • Seizures • Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS) • Hyperglycemia • Hypoglycemia Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • Pertussis

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
	Simple depth, simple breadth • impact of age-related	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth,	EMT Material Plus: Complex depth, foundational	 Cystic fibrosis Bronchopulmonary dysplasia Congenital heart diseases Hydrocephalus and ventricular shunts AEMT Material Plus: Normal and abnormal changes
Geriatrics	changes on assessment and care	foundational breadth Changes associated with aging, psychosocial aspects of aging and age-related assessment and treatment modifications for the major or common geriatric diseases and/or emergencies Cardiovascular diseases Respiratory diseases Neurological diseases Endocrine diseases Alzheimer's Dementia	breadth • Fluid resuscitation in the elderly	associated with aging, pharmacokinetic changes, psychosocial and economic aspects of aging, polypharmacy, and age-related assessment and treatment modifications for the major or common geriatric diseases and/or emergencies Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Cardiovascular diseases Respiratory diseases Neurological diseases Endocrine diseases Alzheimer's Dementia Delirium Acute confusional state Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Herpes zoster Inflammatory arthritis

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Patients with Special Challenges	Simple depth, simple breadth • Recognizing and reporting abuse and neglect	EMR Material Plus: Simple depth, simple breadth Healthcare implications of Abuse Neglect Homelessness Poverty Bariatrics Technology dependent Hospice/ terminally ill Tracheostomy care/dysfunction Homecare Sensory deficit/loss Developmental disability	EMT Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Healthcare implications of • Abuse • Neglect • Homelessness • Poverty • Bariatrics • Technology dependent • Hospice/ terminally ill • Tracheostomy care/dysfunction • Homecare • Sensory deficit/loss • Developmental disability	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Healthcare implications of Abuse Neglect Poverty Bariatrics Technology dependent Hospice/ terminally ill Tracheostomy care/ dysfunction

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
EMS Operations	Knowledge of operational roles and responsibilities to ensure safe patient, public, and personnel safety	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level
Principles of Safely Operating a Ground Ambulance	Simple depth, simple breadth Risks and responsibilities of emergency response	EMR Material Plus: Simple depth, foundational breadth Risks and responsibilities of transport	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Incident Management	Simple depth, simple breadth • Establish and work within the incident management system	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • Establish and work within the incident management system	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • Establish and work within the incident management system
Multiple Casualty Incidents	Simple depth, simple breadth Triage principles Resource management	EMR Material Plus: Simple depth, foundational breadth Triage Performing Re-Triage Destination Decisions Post Traumatic and Cumulative Stress	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level
Air Medical	Simple depth, simple breadth • Safe air medical operations • Criteria for utilizing air medical response	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • Medical risks/needs/advantages
Vehicle Extrication	Simple depth, simple breadth Safe vehicle extrication Use of simple hand tools	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level
Hazardous Materials Awareness	Simple depth, simple breadth Risks and responsibilities of operating in a cold zone at a hazardous material or other special incident	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level

	EMR	ЕМТ	AEMT	Paramedic
Mass Casualty Incidents due to Terrorism and Disaster (this section subject to ongoing collective and cooperative review and input from all stakeholders including the Department of Transportation, Department of Homeland Security and the Department of Health and Human Services)	Simple depth, simple breadth Risks and responsibilities of operating on the scene of a natural or man made disaster Risks and responsibilities of operating on the scene of a natural or man made disaster.	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level

	Clinical Behavior/Judgment				
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic	
Assessment	Perform a simple assessment to identify life threats, identify injuries requiring immobilization and conditions requiring treatment within the scope of practice of the EMR: including foreign substance in the eyes and nerve agent poisoning.	Perform a basic history and physical examination to identify acute complaints and monitor changes. Identify the actual and potential complaints of emergency patients.	Perform a basic history and physical examination to identify acute complaints and monitor changes. Identify the actual and potential complaints of emergency patients.	Perform a comprehensive history and physical examination to identify factors affecting the health and health needs of a patient. Formulate a field impression based on an analysis of comprehensive assessment findings, anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, and epidemiology. Relate assessment findings to underlying pathological and physiological changes in the patient's condition. Integrate and synthesize the multiple determinants of health and clinical care. Perform health screening and referrals.	
Therapeutic communication and cultural competency	Communicates to obtain and clearly transmit information with an awareness of cultural differences.	Communicate in a culturally sensitive manner.	Communicate in a culturally sensitive manner.	Effectively communicate in a manner that is culturally sensitive and intended to improve the patient outcome.	

	Clinical Behavior/Judgment			
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Psychomotor Skills	Safely and effectively perform all psychomotor skills within the National EMS Scope of Practice Model AND state Scope of Practice at this level. Airway and Breathing Basic Airway Maneuvers Head-tilt, chin-lift Jaw thrust Modified chin lift FBAO relief - manual Oropharyngeal airway Sellick's maneuver Positive pressure ventilation devices such as BVM Suction of the upper airway Supplemental oxygen therapy Nasal cannula Non-rebreather mask Assessment Manual B/P Pharmacologic interventions Unit-dose autoinjectors (lifesaving medications intended for self or peer rescue in hazardous materials situation, nerve agent antidote kit) Medical/Cardiac care Manual CPR AED Assisted normal delivery Trauma care Manual stabilization C-spine injuries Extremity fractures	Safely and effectively perform all psychomotor skills within the National EMS Scope of Practice Model AND state Scope of Practice at this level. Airway and Breathing Nasopharyngeal airway Positive pressure ventilation Manually-triggered ventilators Automatic transport ventilators Supplemental oxygen therapy Humidifiers Partial-rebreather mask Venturi mask Assessment Pulse oximetry Automatic B/P Pharmacologic interventions Assist patients in taking their own prescribed medications Administration of OTC medications with medical oversight Oral glucose for hypoglycemia Aspirin for chest pain Medical/Cardiac care Mechanical CPR Assisted complicated delivery Trauma care Spinal immobilization Cervical collars Seated	Safely and effectively perform all psychomotor skills within the National EMS Scope of Practice Model AND state Scope of Practice at this level. Airway and Breathing Airways not intended for insertion into the trachea Esophageal-tracheal Multi-lumen airway Tracheal-bronchial suctioning of an already intubated patient Assessment Blood glucose monitor Pharmacologic interventions Establish and maintain peripheral intravenous access Establish and maintain intraosseous access in pediatric patient Administer (nonmedicated) intravenous fluid therapy Sublingual nitroglycerin (chest pain) Subcutaneous or intramuscular epinephrine (anaphylaxis) Glucagon (hypoglycemia) Intravenous 50% dextrose (hypoglycemia) Intravenous narcotic antagonist (narcotic overdose) Nitrous oxide (pain)	Safely and effectively perform all psychomotor skills within the National EMS Scope of Practice Model AND state Scope of Practice at this level. Airway and Breathing Oral and nasal endotracheal intubation FBAO – direct laryngoscopy Percutaneous cricothyrotomy Pleural decompression BiPAP, CPAP, PEEP Chest tube monitoring ETCO2 monitoring NG/OG tube Assessment ECG interpretation 12-lead interpretation Blood chemistry analysis Pharmacologic interventions Intraosseous insertion Enteral and parenteral administration of approved prescription medications Access indwelling catheters and implanted central IV ports Medications by IV infusion Maintain infusion of blood or blood products Blood sampling Thrombolytic initiation Administer physician approved medications Medical/Cardiac care Cardioversion

Clinical Behavior/Judgment				
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
	Bleeding control Emergency moves Eye irrigation	 Longboard Rapid extrication Splinting Extremity Traction PASG Mechanical patient restraint Tourniquet 		 Manual defibrillation Transcutaneous pacing Carotid massage Trauma care Morgan lens
				Anticipate and prospectively intervene to improve patient outcome.
Professionalism	Demonstrate professional behavior including: but not limited to, integrity, empathy, self-motivation, appearance/personal hygiene, self-confidence, communications, timemanagement, teamwork/diplomacy, respect, patient advocacy, and careful delivery of service.	Demonstrate professional behavior including: but not limited to, integrity, empathy, self-motivation, appearance/personal hygiene, self-confidence, communications, timemanagement, teamwork/diplomacy, respect, patient advocacy, and careful delivery of service.	Demonstrate professional behavior including: but not limited to, integrity, empathy, self-motivation, appearance/personal hygiene, self-confidence, communications, timemanagement, teamwork/diplomacy, respect, patient advocacy, and careful delivery of service.	Is a role model of exemplary professional behavior including: but not limited to, integrity, empathy, self-motivation, appearance/personal hygiene, self-confidence, communications, timemanagement, teamwork/diplomacy, respect, patient advocacy, and careful delivery of service.
Decision Making	Initiates simple interventions based on assessment findings.	Initiates basic interventions based on assessment findings intended to mitigate the emergency and provide limited symptom relief while providing access to definitive care	Initiates basic and selected advanced interventions based on assessment findings intended to mitigate the emergency and provide limited symptom relief while providing access to definitive care	Performs basic and advanced interventions as part of a treatment plan intended to mitigate the emergency, provide symptom relief, and improve the overall health of the patient. Evaluates the effectiveness of interventions and modifies treatment plan accordingly.
Record Keeping	Record simple assessment findings and interventions	Report and document assessment data and interventions.	Report and document assessment findings and interventions.	Report and document assessment findings and interventions. Collect and report data to be used for epidemiological and research purposes.

Clinical Behavior/Judgment				
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Patient Complaints	Perform a patient assessment and provide prehospital emergency care for patient complaints: abdominal pain, abuse/neglect, altered mental status/decreased level of consciousness, apnea, back pain, behavioral emergency, bleeding, cardiac arrest, chest pain, cyanosis, dyspnea, eye pain, GI bleeding, hypotension, multiple trauma, pain, paralysis, poisoning, shock, and stridor/drooling.	Perform a patient assessment and provide prehospital emergency care and transportation for patient complaints: abdominal pain, abuse/neglect, altered mental status/decreased level of consciousness, anxiety, apnea, ataxia, back pain, behavioral emergency, bleeding, cardiac arrest, cardiac rhythm disturbances, chest pain, constipation, cyanosis, dehydration, diarrhea, dizziness/vertigo, dysphasia, dyspnea, edema, eye pain, fatigue, fever, GI bleeding, headache, hematuria, hemoptysis, hypertension, hypotension, joint pain/swelling, multiple trauma, nausea/vomiting, pain, paralysis, pediatric crying/fussiness, poisoning, rash, rectal pain, shock, sore throat, stridor/drooling, syncope, urinary retention, visual disturbances, weakness, and wheezing.	Perform a patient assessment and provide prehospital emergency care and transportation for patient complaints: abdominal pain, abuse/neglect, altered mental status/decreased level of consciousness, anxiety, apnea, ataxia, back pain, behavioral emergency, bleeding, cardiac arrest, cardiac rhythm disturbances, chest pain, constipation, cyanosis, dehydration, diarrhea, dizziness/vertigo, dysphasia, dyspnea, edema, eye pain, fatigue, fever, GI bleeding, headache, hematuria, hemoptysis, hypertension, hypotension, joint pain/swelling, multiple trauma, nausea/vomiting, pain, paralysis, pediatric crying/fussiness, poisoning, rash, rectal pain, shock, sore throat, stridor/drooling, syncope, urinary retention, visual disturbances, weakness, and wheezing.	Perform a patient assessment, develop a treatment and disposition plan for patients with the following complains: abdominal pain, abuse/neglect, altered mental status/decreased level of consciousness, anxiety, apnea, ascites, ataxia, back pain, behavioral emergency, bleeding, blood and body fluid exposure, cardiac arrest, cardiac rhythm disturbances, chest pain, congestion, constipation, cough/hiccough, cyanosis, dehydration, dental pain, diarrhea, dizziness/vertigo, dysmenorrhea, dysphasia, dyspnea, dysuria, ear pain, edema, eye pain, fatigue, feeding problems, fever, GI bleeding, headache, hearing disturbance, hematuria, hemoptysis, hypertension, hypotension, incontinence, jaundice, joint pain/swelling, malaise, multiple trauma, nausea/vomiting, pain, paralysis, pediatric crying/fussiness, poisoning, pruritus, rash, rectal pain, red/pink eye, shock, sore throat, stridor/drooling, syncope, tinnitus, tremor, urinary retention, visual disturbances, weakness, and wheezing.

Clinical Behavior/Judgment				
EMR EMT AEMT Paramedic				
Scene Leadership	Manage the scene until care is transferred to an EMS team member licensed at a higher level arrives.	Entry-level EMTs serve as an EMS team member on an emergency call with more experienced personnel in the lead role. EMTs may serve as a team leader following additional training and/or experience.	Serve as an EMS team leader of an emergency call.	Function as the team leader of a routine, single patient advanced life support emergency call.
Scene Safety	Ensure the safety of the rescuer and others during an emergency.	Ensure the safety of the rescuer and others during an emergency.	Ensure the safety of the rescuer and others during an emergency.	Ensure the safety of the rescuer and others during an emergency.

	Educational Infrastructure				
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic	
Educational Facilities	 Facility sponsored or approved by sponsoring agency ADA compliant facility Sufficient space for class size Controlled environment 	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	Reference Committee on Accreditation for EMS Professions (CoAEMSP) Standards and Guidelines	
Student Space	 Provide space sufficient for students to attend classroom sessions, take notes and participate in classroom activities Provide space for students to participate in kinematic learning and practice activities 	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	(www.coaemsp.org)	
Instructional Resources	 Provide basic instructional support material Provide audio, visual, and kinematic aids to support and supplement didactic instruction 	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level		
Instructor Preparation Resources	 Provide space for instructor preparation Provide support equipment for instructor preparation 	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level		
Storage Space	Provide adequate and secure storage space for instructional materials	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level		

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¹ The *National EMS Education Agenda for the Future: A Systems Approach* calls for national accreditation of Paramedic programs. CoAEMSP is currently the only national agency that offers EMS paramedic education program accreditation; it is used or recognized by most States. While the CoAEMSP *Standards and Guidelines* are adopted for the Education Infrastructure section, this does not itself require the program to be CoAEMSP accredited. Recognition of national accreditation is the responsibility of each State.

Educational Infrastructure				
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Sponsorship	 Sponsoring organizations shall be one of the following: Accredited educational institution, or Public safety organization, or Accredited hospital, clinic, or medical center, or Other State approved institution or organization 	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	
Programmatic Approval	Sponsoring organization shall have programmatic approval by authority having jurisdiction for program approval (State)	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	
Faculty	The course primary instructor should • be educated at a level higher than he or she is teaching; however, as a minimum, he or she must be educated at the level he or she is teaching • Have successfully completed an approved instructor training program or equivalent	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	
Medical Director Oversight	Provide medical oversight for all medical aspects of instruction	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	

Educational Infrastructure				
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Hospital/Clinical Experience	None required at this level	Students should observe emergency department operations for a period of time sufficient to gain an appreciation for the continuum of care Students must perform ten patient assessments. These can be performed in an emergency department, ambulance, clinic, nursing home, doctor's office, etc. or on standardized patients if clinical settings are not available.	 The student must demonstrate the ability to safely administer medications (the student should safely, and while performing all steps of each procedure, properly administer medications at least 15 times to live patient). The student must demonstrate the ability to safely gain vascular access (the student should safely, and while performing all steps of each procedure, successfully access the venous circulation at least 25 times on live patients of various age groups). The student should demonstrate the ability to effectively ventilate unintubated patients of all age groups (the student should effectively, and while performing all steps of each procedure, ventilate at least 20 live patients of various age groups). The student must demonstrate the ability to perform an adequate assessment and formulate and implement a treatment plan for patients with chest pain. The student must demonstrate the ability to perform an adequate assessment and formulate and implement a treatment plan for patients with respiratory distress. The student must demonstrate the ability to perform an adequate assessment and formulate and implement a treatment plan for patients with respiratory distress. The student must demonstrate the ability to perform an adequate assessment and formulate and implement a treatment plan for patients with respiratory distress. 	

Educational Infrastructure				
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
			 patients with altered mental status. The student must demonstrate the ability to perform an adequate assessment on pediatric, adult and geriatric patients. 	
Field Experience	None required at this level	• The student must participate in and document patient contacts in a field experience approved by the medical director and program director.	The student must participate in and document team leadership in a field experience approved by the medical director and program director.	
Course Length	 Course length is based on competency, not hours Course material can be delivered in multiple formats including but not limited to: Independent student preparation Synchronous/Asynchronous distributive education Face-to-face instruction Pre- or co-requisites Course length is estimated to take approximately 48-60 didactic and laboratory clock hours 	 Course length is based on competency, not hours Course material can be delivered in multiple formats including but not limited to: Independent student preparation Synchronous/Asynchronous distributive education Face-to-face instruction Pre- or co-requisites Course length is estimated to take approximately 150-190 clock hours including the four integrated phases of education (didactic, laboratory, clinical and field) to cover material 	 Course length is based on competency, not hours Course material can be delivered in multiple formats including but not limited to: Independent student preparation Synchronous/Asynchronous distributive education Face-to-face instruction Pre- or co-requisites Course length is estimated to take approximately 150-250 clock hours beyond EMT requirements including the four integrated phases of education (didactic, laboratory, clinical and field) to cover material 	
Course Design	 Provide the following components of instruction: Didactic instruction Skills laboratories 	 Provide the following components of instruction: Didactic instruction Skills laboratories Hospital/Clinical experience Field experience 	Same as Previous Level	

Educational Infrastructure				
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Student Assessment	 Perform knowledge, skill, and professional behavior evaluation based on educational standards and program objectives Provide several methods of assessing achievement Provide assessment that measures, as a minimum, entry level competency in all domains 	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	
Program Evaluation	 Provide evaluation of program instructional effectiveness Provide evaluation of organizational and administrative effectiveness of program 	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	

Instructional Guidelines

The *Standards* are broad to allow for incorporation of evidence-based changes within the profession as they influence practice and to permit diverse presentation methods. The Instructional Guidelines (IG) are not part of the *National EMS Education Standards*, but are a companion document. The IG are intended to provide guidance to instructors, regulators, and publishers regarding the content that may be included within each area of the *Standards*, and to provide interim support as EMS instructors and programs transition from the NSC to the *National EMS Education Standards*. The IG are not intended to be all-inclusive; it is understood that they will become outdated as research, technology, and national organization guidelines dictate changes in patient assessment and care. The IG do not comprise a curriculum and are not intended to be adopted by States.

Glossary for Education Standards

Academic institution - A body or establishment instituted for an educational purpose that provides college credit or awards degrees.

Accreditation - The granting of approval by an official review board after meeting specific requirements. The review board is nongovernmental, and the review is collegial and based on self-assessment, peer assessment, and judgment. The purpose of accreditation is student protection and public accountability.

Advanced-level care - Care that has greater potential benefit to the patient, but also greater potential risk to the patient if improperly or inappropriately performed. It is more difficult to attain and maintain competency in, and requires significant background knowledge in basic and applied sciences. This level of care includes invasive and pharmacological interventions.

Affective domain - Describes learning in terms of feelings/emotions, attitudes, and values. (NAEMSE, 2005, p. 306)

Asynchronous instruction/learning - An instructional method that allows the learner to use a self directed and self-paced learning format to move through the content of the course. In this type of instruction, learner-to-learner and learner-to-instructor interactions are independent of time and place. Communications and submission of work typically follow a schedule while learners and instructors do not interact at the same time.

Certification - The issuing of a certificate by a private agency based upon competency standards adopted by that agency and met by the individual.

Cognitive domain - Describes learning that takes place through the process of thinking—it deals with facts and knowledge. (NAEMSE, 2005, p. 306)

Competency - Expected behavior or knowledge to be achieved within a defined area of practice.

Credential - Generic term referring to all forms of professional qualification.

Credentialing - The umbrella term that includes the concepts of accreditation, licensure, registration, and professional certification. Credentialing can establish criteria for fairness, quality, competence, and/or safety for professional services provided by authorized individuals, for products, or for educational endeavors. Credentialing is the process by which an entity, authorized and qualified to do so, grants formal recognition to, or records the recognition status of individuals, organizations, institutions, programs, processes, services, or products that meet predetermined and standardized criteria. (NOCA, 2006)

Credentialing agency - An organization that certifies an institution's or individual's authority or claim of competence in a course of study or completion of objectives.

Curriculum - A particular course of study, often in a specialized field. For EMS education, it has traditionally included detailed lesson plans.

Didactic - The instructional theory, the lesson content. (NAEMSE, 2005, p. 307)

Distributive education - A generic term used to describe a variety of learning delivery methods that attempt to accommodate a geographical separation (at least for some of the time) of the instructor and learners. Distributed education includes computer and web-based instruction, distance learning through television or video, web-based seminars, video conferencing, and electronic and traditional educational models.

Domains - A category of learning. (See Affective domain, Cognitive domain, and Psychomotor domain.) (NAEMSE, 2005, p. 307)

Entry-level competence - The level of competence expected of an individual who is about to begin a career. The minimum competence necessary to practice safely and effectively.

Health Screening - A test or exam performed to find a condition before symptoms begin. Screening tests may help find diseases or conditions early, when they may be easier to treat. (Medline Plus definition)

Instructional Guidelines - A resource document that provides initial guidance for content within the *National EMS Education Standards*—it is not a curriculum and <u>should not</u> be adopted by States.

Licensure - The act of granting an entity permission to do something that the entity could not legally do without such permission. Licensing is generally viewed by legislative bodies as a regulatory effort to protect the public from potential harm. In the health care delivery system, an individual who is licensed tends to enjoy a certain amount of autonomy in delivering health care services. Conversely, the licensed individual must satisfy ongoing requirements that ensure certain minimum levels of expertise. A license is generally considered a privilege, not a right.

Medical oversight - Physician review and approval of clinical content and matters relevant to medical authority.

National EMS Core Content - The document that defines the domain of out-of-hospital care.

National EMS Education Program Accreditation - The accreditation process for institutions that sponsor EMS educational programs.

National EMS Education Standards - The document that defines the terminal objectives for each licensure level.

National EMS Scope of Practice Model - The document that defines the scope of practice of the various levels of EMS licensure.

Patient simulation - An alternative to a human patient to help students improve patient assessment and management skills; a high fidelity patient simulator provides realistic simulation that responds physiologically to student therapies. These simulators have realistic features such as chests that rise and fall with respirations, pupils that react to light, pulses that can be palpated, etc

Post graduate internship and/or experience - Experience gained after the student has completed and graduated from school.

Practice analysis - A study conducted to determine the frequency and criticality of the tasks performed in practice.

Preceptor - A clinical teacher or instructor who is responsible for evaluating and ensuring student progress during hospital and field experiences. This individual typically has training to be able to function effectively in the role.

Primary instructor - A person who possesses the appropriate academic and/or allied health credentials, and understanding of the principles and theories of education, and required instructional experience necessary to provide quality instruction to students. (NAEMSE, 2005, p 309)

Program director - The individual responsible for an educational program or programs.

Psychomotor domain - Describes learning that takes place through the attainment of skills and bodily, or kinesthetic, movements. (NAEMSE, 2005, p309

Registration agency - An agency that is traditionally responsible for providing a product used to evaluate a chosen area. States may voluntarily adopt this product as part of their licensing process. The registration agency is also responsible for gathering and housing data to support the validity and reliability of their product.

Regulation - A rule or a statue that prescribes the management, governance, or operation parameters for a given group; tends to be a function of administrative agencies to which a legislative body has delegated authority to promulgate rules and regulations to "regulate a given industry or profession." Most regulations are intended to protect the public health, safety, and welfare.

Scope of practice - The description of what a licensed individual legally can and cannot perform.

Standardized patient - An individual who has been thoroughly trained to accurately simulate a real patient with a medical condition; a standardized patient plays the role of a patient for students learning patient assessment, history taking skills, communication skills, and other skills.

Standard of care - The domain of acceptable practice, as defined by scope of practice, current evidence, industry consensus, and experts. Standard of care can vary, depending on the independent variables of each situation.

Synchronous instruction - Instructional method whereby learners and instructors interact at the same time, either in the classroom or via a computer driven course. This method allows for more immediate learner guidance and feedback using face-to-face, instant text-based messaging, or real time voice communications.

Team leader - Someone who leads the call and provides guidance and direction for setting priorities, scene and patient assessment and management. The team leader may not actually perform all the interventions, but may assign others to do so.

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Jason Zigmont, NREMT-P; Center for Public Safety Education, East Berlin, CT

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Robert R. Bass, M.D.

Bryan Bledsoe, D.O., EMT-P

David C. Cone, M.D.

Art Cooper, M.D.

George Foltin, M.D.

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Andy Jagota, M.D.

Bill Jermyn, D.O.

Doug Kupas, M.D.

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Jeffrey W. Myers, D.O, NREMT-P

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Paul E. Phrampus, M.D.

Jeffrey P. Salomone, M.D.

Juliette Saussey, M.D.

Michael Tunik, M.D.

May 2006 National EMS Education Standards Stakeholders Meeting Representatives

Organization:	Representative(s)
American Academy of Pediatrics	Paul Sirbaugh, D.O.
American Ambulance Association	Unable to attend
American College of Emergency Physicians	Bill Jermyn, M.D.
American College of Surgeons	Unable to attend
Association of Air Medical Services	Unable to attend
Committee on Accreditation of EMS	Art Cooper, M.D.
Professionals	
Emergency Medical Services for Children	Jane Ball, Ph.D., R.N.
Emergency Nurses Association	Fred Neis, R.N., M.S., FACHE, CEN
Health Resources and Services Administration	Dan Kavanaugh, M.S.W, LCSW-C
International Association of Fire Chiefs	David Becker, MA, EFO, EMT-P
International Association of Fire Fighters	Jonathan Moore, B.A.
International Association of Flight Paramedics	Jason Hums, M.P.H., NREMT-P
National Association of Emergency Medical	David Garmon, M.Ed., NREMT-P, CCEMT-P
Technicians	
National Association of EMS Educators	Joe Grafft, M.S., NREMT-P
National Association of EMS Physicians	Robert Bass, M.D.
National Association of State EMS Directors	Robert Bass, M.D.
National Council of State EMS Training	Liza Burrill
Coordinators	
National Organization of State Offices of Rural	Unable to attend
Health	
National Registry of EMTs	William Brown, M.S., R.N., NREMT-P
National Rural Health	Aarron Reinert, B.A., NREMT-P

Participants at the May 2006 Stakeholder Meeting

Organization:	Representative(s)
National Association of EMS Educators	Angel Burba, M.S., NREMT-P, NCEE
American Heart Association	Scott Strader
	Jo Haag, R.N., M.S.N.
Brady Publishing	Marlene Pratt, B.A.
Emergency Medical Services for Children	Susan Eads Role
	Jay Scott, B.S., NREMT-P
Continuing Education Coordinating Board for	Liz Sibley, M.A.
EMS	Alonzo Smith, B.A., NREMT-P
Delmar Cengage	Alison (Weintraub) Pase
	Dan Kavanaugh, M.S.W., LCSW-C
Health Resources and Services Administration	Tina Turgel, R.N., B.S.N., R.NC
Jones and Bartlett	Larry Newell, Ed.D., NREMT-P
Mosby JEMS Elsevier	Linda Honeycutt
Philadelphia Fire Department	Michael Touchstone, B.S., EMT-P

February 2008 National EMS Education Standards Stakeholders Meeting Representatives

Organization:	Representative(s)
American Academy of Pediatrics	Unable to attend
American Ambulance Association	Bill Mergendahl , J.D., EMT-P
American College of Emergency Physicians	Sabina Braithwaite, M.D.

Organization:	Representative(s)
American College of Surgeons	Jeffrey Salomone, M.D.
Association of Air Medical Services	Natasha Ross
Committee on Accreditation of Educational	Randy Kuykendall, M.L.S., NREMT-P
Programs for the EMS Professions	
Emergency Medical Services for Children	Jim Morehead
Emergency Nurses Association	Fred Neis, R.N., M.S., FACHE, CEN
Indian Health Service Emergency Service	David Boyd, M.D.CM, FACS
International Association of Fire Chiefs	Kevin Bersche
International Association of Fire Fighters	Jonathan Moore, B.A.
International Association of Flight Paramedics	David Stamey, A.A.S., CCEMT-P
National Association of Emergency Medical	Jerry Johnston, B.A., NREMT-P
Technicians	
National Association of EMS Educators	Angel Burba, M.S., NREMT-P, NCEE
National Association of EMS Physicians	Ritu Sahni, M.D.
National Association of State EMS Officials	Fergus Laughridge, C.P.M.
National Organization of State Offices of Rural	Ron Seedorf
Health	
National Registry of EMTs	William Brown M.S., R.N., NREMT-P
National Rural Health Association	Gary Wingrove
Office of Preparedness and Emergency	David Marcozzi, M.D., MHS-CL, FACEP
Operations	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security	Joseph Martin, M.S.
U.S. Fire Administration	John Brasko, M.A., EMT

Participants at the February 2008 Stakeholder Meeting

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8	Representative(s):		
American Academy of Orthopedic Surgeons	Barbara Scotese, B.A.		
	Andrew Pollak, M.D.		
American College of Osteopathic Emergency	Juan Acosta, D.O., FACOEP, FACEP		
Physicians			
American Heart Association	Rod Kimble, B.A., EMT-P		
American Ambulance Association	Christopher Kerley, CCEMT-P		
	Robert Doyle, B.S., EMT-B, IC		
American Medical Response	Scott Bourn, Ph.D., M.S.N, R.N., NREMT-P		
Association of Air Medical Services	Allen Wolfe, R.N., CFRN		
Ann Arundel Community College	Melanie Miller, B.S.N., R.N.		
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	Sladjana Repic		
	Dan Limmer, A.S., EMT-P		
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Pennsylvania			
City of Phoenix Fire Department	Brenda Suttong, R.N., B.S.N., CEN, NREMT-B		
	Barbara Bovee		
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Committee on Accreditation of Educational	George Hatch, Ed.D.		
Programs for the EMS Professions			
Continuing Education Coordinating Board for	Liz Sibley, M.A.		
EMS			
Cypress Creek EMS	Nick Robbins		
Delmar Cengage	Jennifer Starr, B.A.		
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Organization:	Representative(s):		
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George Washington University EMS	Michael Ward, EMT-P, B.S., MGA, MIFireE		
Hutchison Community College	Chy Miller, B.S., MICT, IC		
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	Dan Jones, R.N., EMT, IC		
International Association of Flight Paramedics	Kevin Brown, B.A., NREMT-P, EMT-I		
Jones and Bartlett	Kimberly Brophy		
Loudoun County Department of Fire, Rescue,	Jose Salazar, M.P.H., NREMT-P		
and Emergency Management			
Maryland Department of Health and Metal	Maura Proser, M.P.H.		
Hygiene Center for Preventive Health Services			
Maryland Institute for EMS Systems	Bill Seifarth, M.S., NREMT-P		
Mesa Fire Department	Terrence Mason, R.N.		
	Rick Apple, CEP		
Mosby Jems Elsevier	Linda Honeycutt		
National Volunteer Fire Council	Ken Knipper		
Office of Preparedness and Emergency	Shima Safikhani		
Operations	Lauren Arnold		
Philadelphia Fire Department	Michael Touchstone, B.S., EMT-P		
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Victor Valley College	Scott Jones, B.S., MICP		
Virginia Office of EMS	Thomas Nevetral		
	Warren Short, B.S., NREMT-P		
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Western Virginia EMS Council	Deborah Akers, NREMT-P		

Special Thanks

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Jean Davidson, Executive Secretary, National Registry of EMTs, Columbus, OH **Bill Brown**, **M.S.**, **R.N.**, **NREMT-P**; Executive Director, National Registry of EMTs, Columbus, OH

Meeting Facilitators:

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